Name	_ Class	Date
Skills Worksheet		
Chapter Review		

USING VOCABULARY

1. Academic Vocabulary Which of the following words means "a set of steps or events"?

- **a.** reaction
- **b.** process
- **c.** principle
- **d.** role

For each pair of terms, explain how the meanings of the terms differ.

2. *solid* and *liquid*

3. evaporation and boiling

4. condensation and sublimation

UNDERSTANDING CONCEPTS

Multiple Choice

5. Which of the following statements best describes the particles of a liquid?

a. The particles are far apart and moving fast.

- **b.** The particles are close together but moving past each other.
- **c.** The particles are far apart and moving slowly.
- **d.** The particles are closely packed and vibrating in place.

6. Dew collecting on a spider web in the early morning is an example of**a.** condensation.

- **b.** evaporation.
- **c.** sublimation.
- **d.** melting.

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7. During which change of state do atoms or molecules become more ordered?

- **a.** boiling
- **b.** condensation
- **c.** melting
- **d.** sublimation

8. As the particles of a solid undergo sublimation, they

- **a.** lose energy.
- **b.** move closer to one another.
- c. change temperature.
- **d.** move farther apart from one another.

Short Answer

- **9. Listing** Rank solids, liquids, and gases in order of particle speed from the highest speed to the lowest speed.
- **10. Classifying** At atmospheric pressure, what is the characteristic boiling point of water, in degrees Celsius?
- **11. Analyzing** Explain why liquid water takes the shape of its container but an ice cube does not.
- **12. Concluding** Water's states of matter include steam, liquid water, and ice. What about water is the same in these states? What can you conclude about what changes and what does not change during a change of state?

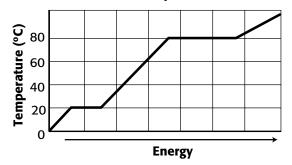
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INTERPRETING GRAPHICS

Use the graph below to answer the next two questions.



- **13. Identifying** What is the boiling point of the substance? What is the melting point?
- **14. Concluding** How does the substance change while energy is being added to the liquid at 20°C?

WRITING SKILLS

15. Creative Writing Imagine that you are a gas particle and that the material you are in condenses and then freezes. From your point of view as a particle, write a clear step-by-step description of what happens as you go through each change of state.

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CRITICAL THINKING

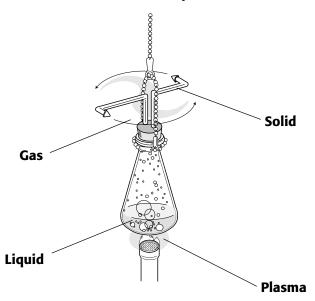
16. Concept Mapping Use the following terms to create a concept map: *states of matter, solid, liquid, gas, changes of state, freezing, evaporation, condensation,* and *melting.*

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INTERPRETING GRAPHICS

Use the picture below to answer the next two questions.



17. Analyzing Processes Explain, based on the motion of the gas particles, how the gas is causing the tubes to spin around as shown in the diagram above.

18. Making Inferences If the liquid shown in the picture above is water and if the air pressure is equal to the normal atmospheric pressure at sea level, what must the temperature of the water be, in degrees Celsius?

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19. Applying Concepts After taking a shower, you notice that small droplets of water cover the bathroom mirror. Explain how these drops form. Be sure to describe where the water comes from and the changes it undergoes.

20. Making Inferences At sea level, water boils at 100°C and methane boils at -161°C. Which of these substances has a stronger force of attraction between its particles? Explain your reasoning.

21. Analyzing Ideas By using an electric current, you can split liquid water to form two new substances, hydrogen and oxygen gases. Is this a change of state? Explain your answer.

22. Evaluating Hypotheses Imagine that a gas is bubbling up from a sample of water. Laurel forms the hypothesis that the water is boiling. How could she test that hypothesis?

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MATH SKILLS

Name ____

23. Analyzing Data Kate placed 100 mL of water in five different pans, placed the pans on a windowsill for a week, and measured how much water evaporated from each pan. Draw a graph of her data, which is shown below. Place surface area on the *x*-axis and volume evaporated on the *y*-axis. Is the graph linear or nonlinear? What does this information tell you?

Pan number	1	2	3	4	5
Surface area (cm ²)	44	82	20	30	65
Volume evaporated (mL)	42	79	19	29	62

CHALLENGE

24. Analyzing Methods To protect their crops during freezing temperatures, orange growers spray water onto the trees and allow it to freeze. In terms of energy lost and energy gained, explain why this practice protects the oranges from damage.

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